

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: US OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Canada WHMIS which includes the amended Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR)

Revision Date 03-Feb-2025 Version 1

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Name SUPER PENETRANT 120Z.

Other means of identification

Product Code 80052

UN number or ID number 1950

Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Penetrant

Restrictions on use No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address May Also Be Distributed by:

ITW Permatex, Inc. ITW Permatex Canada 6875 Parkland Blvd. 101-2360 Bristol Circle

Solon, Ohio 44139 USA
Telephone: 1-87-Permatex

Telephone: (800) 924-6994

(866) 732-9502

E-mail address mail@permatex.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924

International Emergency: 00+1+ 813-248-0585

Contract Number: MIS0003453

24-hour emergency phone number No information available

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

| Aerosols | Category 1 |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Category 1B |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 1B |
| Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |

Label elements

Contains DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT; SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH.; BUTANE



Danger

Hazard statements

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

25 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

54 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

89 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas).

99 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (vapor).

99 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist).

Other Information

May be harmful in contact with skin. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Not applicable.

Mixture

| | Chemical name | CAS No. | Weight-% | Information Review | Date HMIRA filed and date exemption granted (if applicable) |
|-----|-----------------------|------------|----------|--------------------|---|
| DIS | TILLATES (PETROLEUM), | 64742-47-8 | 15-40% | - | - |

| Revision | Date | 03-Feb-2025 |
|----------|------|-------------|
| | | |

| HYDROTREATED LIGHT | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|--------|---|---|
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-89-8 | 10-30% | - | - |
| (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH. | | | | |
| PROPANE | 74-98-6 | 3-7% | - | - |
| BUTANE | 106-97-8 | 3-7% | - | - |

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing

has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult,

(trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water.

Ingestion ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Get immediate medical attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Wear personal protective clothing (see section 8). Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

Effects of Exposure May cause cancer. Mutagenic effects.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed

unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray.

Small Fire In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO2. Large Fire In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous combustion products No information available.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Use personal protection equipment.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures

against static discharges. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce

vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches

and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. In case of rupture. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e.,

pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, dry area away from potential sources of heat, open flames, sunlight or other chemicals. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away

from other materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters Exposure Limits

| Chemical name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), | TWA: 100 ppm | - | - |
| LIGHT ALIPH. | pSk | | |
| 64742-89-8 | | | |
| PROPANE | : See Appendix F: | TWA: 1000 ppm | TWA: 1000 ppm; |
| 74-98-6 | Minimal Oxygen Content, | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ ; |
| | explosion hazard | (vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm | IDLH: 2100 ppm |
| | Sa | (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ | |
| BUTANE | STEL: 1000 ppm explosion | (vacated) TWA: 800 ppm | TWA: 800 ppm; |
| 106-97-8 | hazard | (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ | TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ ; |
| | | | IDLH: 1600 ppm |

| Chemical name | Alberta | British Columbia | Ontario | Quebec |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| PROPANE 74-98-6 | TWA: 1000 ppm; | Sa | : ; Sa (See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content;explosion hazard) | Sa |
| BUTANE 106-97-8 | TWA: 1000 ppm; | STEL: 1000 ppm; | : ; STEL: 1000 ppm; | TWAEV: 800 ppm; TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³; |

| Chemical name | Manitoba | New Brunswick | Newfoundland and Labrador | Nova Scotia |
|---|--|-----------------|------------------------------|--|
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH. | TWA: 100 ppm; pSk | | TWA: 100 ppm; pSk | TWA: 100 ppm; pSk |
| PROPANE | : ; Sa (See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content) | : ; | : ; | : ; Sa (See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content) |
| BUTANE | STEL: 1000 ppm; | STEL: 1000 ppm; | STEL: 1000 ppm; | STEL: 1000 ppm; |

| Chemical name | Nunavut | Prince Edward Island | Saskatchewan | Yukon |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA | | TWA: 100 ppm; | | |
| (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH. | | | | |
| PROPANE | TWA: 1000 ppm; | : ; | TWA: 1000 ppm; | Sa |
| | STEL: 1250 ppm; | | STEL: 1250 ppm; | |
| BUTANE | TWA: 1000 ppm; | STEL: 1000 ppm; | TWA: 1000 ppm; | TWA: 600 ppm; |
| | STEL: 1250 ppm; | | STEL: 1250 ppm; | TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ ; |
| | | | | STEL: 750 ppm; |
| | | | | STEL: 1600 mg/m ³ ; |

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Antistatic boots. Chemical resistant apron. Wear fire/flame

resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection Use appropriate respiratory protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not General hygiene considerations

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Thermal hazards No information available.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Aerosol **Appearance** Dark

Color No information available

Odor Solvent

No information available **Odor threshold**

Property Values Remarks • Method

No data available pН Melting point / freezing point No data available Boiling point / boiling range No data available -104 °C / -155.2 °F Flash point

Evaporation rate Not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: 7.3% Lower flammability limit: 1.0%

Vapor pressure 20-30 psig @ 20°C No data available Vapor density

Relative density 0.798

Water solubility No Data Available Solubility(ies) No data available No data available Partition coefficient 345.78°C (654.4°F) **Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature** No data available Kinematic viscosity No data available Dynamic viscosity No data available

Particle characteristics

No data available **Particle Size Particle Size Distribution** No data available

Other information

Explosive properties No information available **Oxidizing properties** No information available No information available Softening point Molecular weight No information available

VOC content

Density No information available **Bulk density** No information available

10. Stability and reactivity

No information available. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

No information available. Hazardous polymerization

Gives a flame projection at full valve opening or flashback at any degree of valve opening

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materialsNone known based on information supplied.

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or

fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be

fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May be harmful in contact with

skin.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if

swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema

and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following ATE values have been calculated for the mixture

 ATEmix (oral)
 5,067.60 mg/kg

 ATEmix (dermal)
 2,300.00 mg/kg

 ATEmix (inhalation-gas)
 255,439.50 ppm

 ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)
 99,999.00 mg/l

 ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)
 99,999.00 mg/l

25 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity

54 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity

89 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas)

99 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (vapor)

99 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist)

Component Information

| Chemical name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| HYDROTREATED LIGHT | | | |
| 64742-47-8 | | | |
| SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), | - | = 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| LIGHT ALIPH. | | | |
| 64742-89-8 | | | |
| PROPANE | - | - | > 800000 ppm (Rat) 15 min |
| 74-98-6 | | | |
| BUTANE | - | - | = 658 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h |
| 106-97-8 | | | |

Skin corrosion/irritationNo information available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity Contains a known or suspected mutagen. Classification based on data available for

ingredients. May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for

ingredients. May cause cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

| | Chemical name | ACGIH | IARC | NTP | OSHA |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----|------|
| Ī | SOLVENT NAPHTHA | A3 - Confirmed Animal | - | - | - |
| - | (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH. | Carcinogen with | | | |
| | 64742-89-8 | Unknown Relevance to | | | |
| - | | Humans | | | |

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Neurological effects

No information available.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityToxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Chemical name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|--|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------|
| DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT 64742-47-8 | - | LC50: =45mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =2.2mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =2.4mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) | <u>-</u> | - |
| | EC50: =4700mg/L (72h, | - | - | - |
| (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH. | | | | |
| (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH. 64742-89-8 | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) | | | |

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

| Chemical name | Partition coefficient |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| PROPANE | 1.09 |
| 74-98-6 | |
| BUTANE | 2.31 |
| 106-97-8 | |

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local

regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld

containers.

US EPA Waste Number Waste designations and classifications should be determined by the end user based on the

application for which the product was used.

California waste information This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as

a hazardous waste.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number or ID number 1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1 Emergency Response Guide 126

Number

TDG

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

MEX

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.

<u>IATA</u>

UN number or ID number ID 8000

UN proper shipping name Consumer Commodity

Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

TSCA Complies **DSL/NDSL** Complies Complies **EINECS/ELINCS ENCS** Does not comply **IECSC** Complies Complies KECI **PICCS** Complies **AICS** Complies **NZIoC** Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

| | N. I. | | l |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| I Chemical nam | e l New Jersev | I Massachusetts | l Pennsylvania |
| L CHEHICALHAHI | | | |

| BUTANE 106-97-8 | X | X | X |
|---------------------|---|---|---|
| PROPANE 74-98-6 | X | X | X |
| OCTANE 111-65-9 | X | Х | X |
| HEPTANE 142-82-5 | Х | Х | Х |

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. Other information

NFPA
HMISHealth hazards2Flammability4Instability0Special hazards-Chronic Hazard Star Legend*= Chronic Health Hazard*= Chronic Health Hazard* Physical hazards0Personal protectionX

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

+ Sensitizers

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

U.S. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Environment, Health, and Safety Publications International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) High Production Volume Chemicals Program International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Screening Information Data Set

United Nations World Health Organization (WHO)

Revision Date 03-Feb-2025

Revision NoteNo information available.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.