



SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of:
US OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Canada WHMIS
which includes the amended Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and the Hazardous Products
Regulation (HPR)

Revision Date 08-Apr-2026

Version 4

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Name PX BRAKE & PARTS CLEANER 14.5 OZ

Other means of identification

Product Code 82220

UN number or ID number UN1950

Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Brake Cleaner

Restrictions on use No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address

ITW Permatex, Inc.
6875 Parkland Blvd.
Solon, Ohio 44139 USA
Telephone: 1-87-Permatex
(866) 732-9502

May Also Be Distributed by:

ITW Permatex Canada
101-2360 Bristol Circle
Oakville, ON Canada L6H 6M5
Telephone: (800) 924-6994

E-mail address mail@permatex.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924
International Emergency:
00+1+ 813-248-0585
Contract Number: MIS0003453

24-hour emergency phone number No information available

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Aerosols	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Carcinogenicity	Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 1 Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Aspiration hazard	Category 1

Label elements

Contains METHANOL; HEPTANE; XYLENE; ETHYL BENZENE

**Danger****Hazard statements**

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
 Harmful if swallowed.
 Harmful in contact with skin.
 Harmful if inhaled.
 Causes skin irritation.
 Causes serious eye irritation.
 Suspected of causing cancer.
 Causes damage to organs.
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 Do not breathe dust.
 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).
 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice and attention.

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice and attention.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
 Rinse mouth.
 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Unknown acute toxicity

22 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

7 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas).

75.95 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (vapor).

7 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist).

Other Information

Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Not applicable.

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Material Information Review Act registry number (HMIRA registry #)	Date HMIRA filed and date exemption granted (if applicable)
ACETONE	67-64-1	30-60%	-	-
METHANOL	67-56-1	10-30%	-	-
HEPTANE	142-82-5	10-30%	-	-
CARBON DIOXIDE	124-38-9	5-10%	-	-
XYLENE	1330-20-7	1-5%	-	-
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	0.5-1.5%	-	-

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediate medical attention is required.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. See section 8 for more information.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Erythema (skin redness). May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Effects of Exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water spray.

Large Fire CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Unsuitable extinguishing media DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor.

Methods for cleaning up	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. In case of rupture. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, dry area away from potential sources of heat, open flames, sunlight or other chemicals. Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Store away from other materials.
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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
ACETONE 67-64-1	TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors. (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 250 ppm; TWA: 590 mg/m ³ ; IDLH: 2500 ppm
METHANOL 67-56-1	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm pSk	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 250 ppm (vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m ³ Sdv	TWA: 200 ppm; TWA: 260 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m ³ IDLH: 6000 ppm
HEPTANE 142-82-5	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm pOt	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (vacated) STEL: 2000 mg/m ³	TWA: 85 ppm; TWA: 350 mg/m ³ ; Ceiling: 440 ppm 15 min Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 min IDLH: 750 ppm
CARBON DIOXIDE	TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm;

124-38-9	STEL: 30000 ppm	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m ³	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ IDLH: 40000 ppm
XYLENE 1330-20-7	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 655 mg/m ³	-
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	TWA: 20 ppm pOt	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 125 ppm (vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm; TWA: 435 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m ³ IDLH: 800 ppm

Chemical name	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario	Quebec
ACETONE 67-64-1	TWA: 500 ppm; TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 750 ppm; STEL: 1800 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWAEV: 250 ppm; STEV: 500 ppm;
METHANOL 67-56-1	TWA: 200 ppm; TWA: 262 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 250 ppm; STEL: 328 mg/m ³ ; pSk	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; Sk	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; dSk	TWAEV: 200 ppm; TWAEV: 262 mg/m ³ ; STEV: 250 ppm; STEV: 328 mg/m ³ ; Sd
HEPTANE 142-82-5	TWA: 400 ppm; TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 500 ppm; STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 400 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWAEV: 400 ppm; STEV: 500 ppm;
CARBON DIOXIDE 124-38-9	TWA: 5000 ppm; TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 30000 ppm; STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 15000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWAEV: 5000 ppm; TWAEV: 9000 mg/m ³ ; STEV: 30000 ppm; STEV: 54000 mg/m ³ ;
XYLENE 1330-20-7	TWA: 100 ppm; TWA: 434 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 150 ppm; STEL: 651 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 20 ppm; STEL: 150 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm; STEL: 150 ppm;	TWAEV: 100 ppm; TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ ; STEV: 150 ppm; STEV: 651 mg/m ³ ;
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	TWA: 100 ppm; TWA: 434 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 125 ppm; STEL: 543 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWAEV: 20 ppm;

Chemical name	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Newfoundland and Labrador	Nova Scotia
ACETONE	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;
METHANOL	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; pSk	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; pSk	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; pSk	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; pSk
HEPTANE	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 400 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm; STEL: 400 ppm;	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 400 ppm;
CARBON DIOXIDE	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;
XYLENE	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm; STEL: 150 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;
ETHYL BENZENE	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;

Chemical name	Nunavut	Prince Edward Island	Saskatchewan	Yukon
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Chemical name	Nunavut	Prince Edward Island	Saskatchewan	Yukon
ACETONE	TWA: 500 ppm; STEL: 750 ppm;	TWA: 250 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 500 ppm; STEL: 750 ppm;	TWA: 1000 ppm; TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 1250 ppm; STEL: 3000 mg/m ³ ;
METHANOL	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; Sk	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm;	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 250 ppm; pSd	TWA: 200 ppm; TWA: 260 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 250 ppm; STEL: 310 mg/m ³ ; Sk
HEPTANE	TWA: 400 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 200 ppm; STEL: 400 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm; STEL: 500 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm; TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 500 ppm; STEL: 2000 mg/m ³ ;
CARBON DIOXIDE	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; STEL: 30000 ppm;	TWA: 5000 ppm; TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 15000 ppm; STEL: 27000 mg/m ³ ;
XYLENE	TWA: 100 ppm; STEL: 150 ppm;	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm; STEL: 150 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm; TWA: 435 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 150 ppm; STEL: 650 mg/m ³ ; Sk
ETHYL BENZENE	TWA: 100 ppm; STEL: 125 ppm; Designated substance	TWA: 20 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm; STEL: 125 ppm; Designated Chemical Substance	TWA: 100 ppm; TWA: 435 mg/m ³ ; STEL: 125 ppm; STEL: 545 mg/m ³ ;

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	ACGIH
ACETONE 67-64-1	25 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift
METHANOL 67-56-1	15 mg/L - urine (Methanol) - end of shift
XYLENE 1330-20-7	0.3 g/g creatinine - urine (total of all isomers of Methylhippuric acids) - end of shift
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	150 mg/g creatinine - urine (Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid) - end of shift

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers
 Eyewash stations
 Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Antistatic boots. Chemical resistant apron. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection Use appropriate respiratory protection. Consult with an industrial hygienist to determine the appropriate respiratory protection for your specific use of this material.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Aerosol
Appearance	No information available
Color	No information available
Odor	No information available
Odor threshold	No information available

Property

pH	No data available
Melting point / freezing point	No data available
Boiling point / boiling range	56 °C / 132.8 °F
Flash point	< -18 °C / -0.4 °F

Remarks • Method

Gives a flame projection at full valve opening or flashback at any degree of valve opening

Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit:	12.8%
Lower flammability limit:	2.5%

Vapor pressure	No data available
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Vapor density	>1
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Air = 1

Relative density	0.8
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Water solubility	Slightly soluble
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Solubility(ies)	No data available
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Partition coefficient	No data available
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Autoignition temperature	No data available
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Decomposition temperature	No data available
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Kinematic viscosity	<0.9 mm ² /s
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Dynamic viscosity	No data available
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Particle characteristics

Particle Size	No data available
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Particle Size Distribution	No data available
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Other information

Explosive properties	No information available
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Oxidizing properties	No information available
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Softening point	No information available
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Molecular weight	No information available
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VOC content	45%
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Density	No information available
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Bulk density	No information available
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10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No information available.
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Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
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Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
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Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Excessive heat.
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Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.
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Hazardous decomposition products	None known based on information supplied.
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11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful by inhalation. (based on components).
Eye contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes skin irritation. (based on components). May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Harmful in contact with skin.
Ingestion	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. (based on components).

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms	Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Redness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
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<u>Acute toxicity</u>	Harmful if swallowed. Harmful by skin contact. Harmful by inhalation.
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Numerical measures of toxicity

The following ATE values have been calculated for the mixture

ATEmix (oral)	311.70 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	1,102.30 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-gas)	99,999.00 ppm
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	41.70 mg/L
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	1.94 mg/L

Unknown acute toxicity

- 22 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity
- 7 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity
- 100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas)
- 75.95 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (vapor)
- 7 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist)

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
ACETONE 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat) 8 h
METHANOL 67-56-1	= 6200 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15840 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 22500 ppm (Rat) 8 h
HEPTANE 142-82-5	-	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 29.29 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
XYLENE 1330-20-7	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. Suspected of causing cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
ACETONE 67-64-1	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	-	-	-
XYLENE 1330-20-7	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	Group 3 - Unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans	-	-
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans	Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	-	Present

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Group 3 - Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor

X - Present

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure Causes damage to organs if swallowed. Causes damage to organs in contact with skin. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
ACETONE 67-64-1	-	LC50: 4.74 - 6.33mL/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 6210 - 8120mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =8300mg/L (96h,	-	EC50: 10294 - 17704mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 12600 - 12700mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

METHANOL 67-56-1	-	Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =28200mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: >100mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 19500 - 20700mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 18 - 20mL/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 13500 - 17600mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	-
HEPTANE 142-82-5	-	LC50: =375.0mg/L (96h, Cichlid fish)	-	-
XYLENE 1330-20-7	-	LC50: =13.4mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 2.661 - 4.093mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 13.5 - 17.3mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 13.1 - 16.5mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =19mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 7.711 - 9.591mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 23.53 - 29.97mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =780mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio) LC50: >780mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 30.26 - 40.75mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)	-	EC50: =3.82mg/L (48h, water flea) LC50: =0.6mg/L (48h, Gammarus lacustris)
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	EC50: =4.6mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: >438mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.6 - 11.3mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 1.7 - 7.6mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: 11.0 - 18.0mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =4.2mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 7.55 - 11mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =32mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 9.1 - 15.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =9.6mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)	-	EC50: 1.8 - 2.4mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential**Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
ACETONE 67-64-1	-0.24
METHANOL 67-56-1	-0.77
HEPTANE 142-82-5	4.66
XYLENE 1330-20-7	3.15
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	3.6

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

US EPA Waste Number Waste designations and classifications should be determined by the end user based on the application for which the product was used.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number or ID number UN1950
 Proper shipping name Aerosols
 Transport hazard class(es) 2.1
 Description UN1950 Aerosols, 2.1, Limited Quantity

TDG

UN number or ID number UN1950
 UN proper shipping name Aerosols
 Transport hazard class(es) 2.1
 Description UN1950 Aerosols, 2.1, Limited Quantity

MEX

UN number or ID number UN1950
 UN proper shipping name Aerosols
 Transport hazard class(es) 2.1
 Description UN1950 Aerosols, 2.1, Limited Quantity

IATA

UN number or ID number ID8000
 UN proper shipping name Consumer Commodity
 Transport hazard class(es) 9
 ERG Code 9L
 Special Provisions A112

IMDG

UN number or ID number UN1950
 UN proper shipping name Aerosols
 Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

Description UN1950 Aerosols, 2.1, Limited Quantity

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies
ENCS	Complies
IECSC	Complies
KECI	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies
NZIoC	Not Determined

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
METHANOL - 67-56-1	1.0
XYLENE - 1330-20-7	1.0
ETHYL BENZENE - 100-41-4	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
XYLENE 1330-20-7	100 lb	-	-	X
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	1000 lb	X	X	X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
ACETONE 67-64-1	5000 lb / kg (final RQ)	-	RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
METHANOL 67-56-1	5000 lb / kg (final RQ)	-	RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
XYLENE 1330-20-7	100 lb / kg (final RQ)	-	RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	1000 lb / kg (final RQ)	-	RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ

US State Regulations**California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical name	California Proposition 65
METHANOL - 67-56-1	Developmental
ETHYL BENZENE - 100-41-4	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
ACETONE 67-64-1	X	X	X
METHANOL 67-56-1	X	X	X
HEPTANE 142-82-5	X	X	X
CARBON DIOXIDE 124-38-9	X	X	X
XYLENE 1330-20-7	X	X	X
ETHYL BENZENE 100-41-4	X	X	X

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. Other information

NFPA	Health hazards 3	Flammability 4	Instability 0	Special hazards -
HMIS	Health hazards 4 *	Flammability 4	Physical hazards 0	Personal protection X
Chronic Hazard Star Legend		* = Chronic Health Hazard		

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**Legend**

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
 vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
 ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
 LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration
 LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation

+ Sensitizers

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

U.S. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGl(s))
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
Food Research Journal
Hazardous Substance Database
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
Japan National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) High Production Volume Chemicals Program
International Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Screening Information Data Set
United Nations World Health Organization (WHO)

Revision Date 08-Apr-2026

Revision Note No information available.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.