

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: US OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Canada WHMIS 2015 which includes the amended Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR)

Revision Date 11-Mar-2025 Version 2

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product Name 79DA RUST TREATMENT 10.25OZ AE

Other means of identification

Product Code 81849

UN number or ID number 1950

Synonyms None

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Rust preventative

Restrictions on use No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer AddressMay Also Be Distributed by:ITW Permatex, Inc.ITW Permatex Canada6875 Parkland Blvd.101-2360 Bristol Circle

Solon, Ohio 44139 USA Oakville, ON Canada L6H 6M5 Telephone: 1-87-Permatex Telephone: (800) 924-6994

(866) 732-9502

E-mail address mail@permatex.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number Chem-Tel: 800-255-3924

International Emergency: 00+1+ 813-248-0585

Contract Number: MIS0003453

24-hour emergency phone number No information available

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Aerosols	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B

Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

Label elements

Contains ACETONE; HYDROCARBONS, C3-4-RICH, PETROLEUM DISTILLATE; 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; FORMIC ACID



Danger

Hazard statements

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice and attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Protect from sunlight.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Unknown acute toxicity

31 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

34 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas).

74 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (vapor).

31 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist).

Other Information

May be harmful in contact with skin.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Not applicable.

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Hazardous Material Information Review Act registry number (HMIRA registry #)	Date HMIRA filed and date exemption granted (if applicable)
ACETONE	67-64-1	30-60%	-	-
HYDROCARBONS, C3-4-RICH, PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	68512-91-4	15-40%	-	-
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	111-76-2	10-30%	-	-
FORMIC ACID	64-18-6	1-5%	-	-

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. IF exposed or

concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained

personnel should) give oxygen. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open

while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin contact In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Wash off

immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Burning sensation. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high

vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting.

Effects of Exposure May cause cancer. Mutagenic effects.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray.

Small Fire In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO2. Large Fire In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

Hazardous combustion products No information available.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact Yes. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Contents under pressure. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Do not breathe vapor or

mist. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce

vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. In case of rupture. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not breathe vapor or mist. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters Exposure Limits

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
ACETONE	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm
67-64-1	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m ³	TWA: 250 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³	
		The acetone STEL does not	
		apply to the cellulose acetate	
		fiber industry. It is in effect for	
		all other sectors.	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 700 ppm
111-76-2		TWA: 240 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 24 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) Sk*	
		Sk*	

FORMIC ACID	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	IDLH: 30 ppm
64-18-6		TWA: 9 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 9 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 9 mg/m ³	

Chemical name	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario	Quebec
ACETONE	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm
67-64-1	TWA: 1200 mg/m ³	STEL: 500 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 1190 mg/m ³
	STEL: 750 ppm			STEL: 1000 ppm
	STEL: 1800 mg/m ³			STEL: 2380 mg/m ³
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
111-76-2	TWA: 97 mg/m ³			
FORMIC ACID	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
64-18-6	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 9.4 mg/m ³
	STEL: 10 ppm			STEL: 10 ppm
	STEL: 19 mg/m ³			STEL: 19 mg/m ³

Chemical name	Manitoba	New Brunswick	Newfoundland and Labrador	Nova Scotia
ACETONE	TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm			
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
FORMIC ACID	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm

Chemical name	Nunavut	Prince Edward Island	Saskatchewan	Yukon
ACETONE	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m³ STEL: 1250 ppm STEL: 3000 mg/m³
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	TWA: 20 ppm STEL: 30 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm STEL: 30 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m³ STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 720 mg/m³ Sk*
FORMIC ACID	TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 9 mg/m³ STEL: 5 ppm STEL: 9 mg/m³

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	ACGIH
ACETONE	25 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift
67-64-1	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	200 mg/g creatinine - urine (Butoxyacetic acid with
111-76-2	hydrolysis) - end of shift

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection Impervious gloves. Wear suitable gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron.

Antistatic boots.

Respiratory protection Appropriate respiratory protection should be selected and used according to the chemical

nature, hazards and use of this product and safety requirements of the local jurisdiction. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be

required.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including

the inside, before re-use.

Thermal hazards No information available.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Aerosol

Appearance No information available

Color Colorless

OdorNo information availableOdor thresholdNo information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH No data available
Melting point / freezing point
Boiling point / boiling range No data available
Flash point -78 °C / -108.4

Clash point-78 °C / -108.4 °F
Gives a flame projection at full valve opening or flashback at any degree of valve opening

Evaporation rate Not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: 12.8% Lower flammability limit: 2.6%

Vapor pressureNo Data AvailableVapor densityNo data available

Relative density 0.8

Water solubility

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
Decomposition temperature
Kinematic viscosity

No Data Available
No Data Available
287°C (548.6°F)
No data available
No Data Available
No data available
No data available

Other information

Explosive propertiesNo information availableOxidizing propertiesNo information availableSoftening pointNo information available

Molecular weight No information available

VOC content 33.1%

DensityNo information availableBulk densityNo information available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization No information available.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Aldehydes. Ketones and their derivatives.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or

fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Toxic by inhalation. (based on components). May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. Harmful by inhalation.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye damage.

May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Skin contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes skin irritation. (based

on components).

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause

gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Harmful if swallowed. (based on

components).

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Redness. Burning. May cause blindness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations

may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

<u>Acute toxicity</u> Toxic by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful by inhalation.

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following ATE values have been calculated for the mixture

 ATEmix (oral)
 1,062.50 mg/kg

 ATEmix (dermal)
 4,245.00 mg/kg

 ATEmix (inhalation-gas)
 99,999.00 ppm

 ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)
 2.17 mg/l

 ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)
 1.31 mg/l

Unknown acute toxicity

31 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity

34 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity

100 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (gas)

74 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (vapor)

31 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist)

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
ACETONE	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat) 8 h
67-64-1			
HYDROCARBONS, C3-4-RICH,	-	-	> 23 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
PETROLEUM DISTILLATE			
68512-91-4			
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	= 470 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h
111-76-2			= 486 ppm (Rat) 4 h
FORMIC ACID	= 1100 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 7.85 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
64-18-6			

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns. Causes serious eye

damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity Contains a known or suspected mutagen. Classification based on data available for

ingredients. May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for

ingredients. May cause cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	A3	Group 3	-	-
111-76-2				

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

12. Ecological information

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Ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
ACETONE 67-64-1	-	LC50: 4.74 - 6.33mL/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 6210 - 8120mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =8300mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: 10294 - 17704mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 12600 - 12700mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
2-BUTOXYETHANOL 111-76-2	-	LC50: =1490mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =2950mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: >1000mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
FORMIC ACID 64-18-6	EC50: =25mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: =26.9mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	-	-	EC50: =120mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 138 - 165.6mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Component information				
Chemical name	Partition coefficient			
ACETONE	-0.24			
67-64-1				
HYDROCARBONS, C3-4-RICH, PETROLEUM DISTILLATE	2.8			
68512-91-4				
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	0.81			
111-76-2				
FORMIC ACID	-1.9			
64-18-6				

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse empty containers.

US EPA Waste Number Waste designations and classifications should be determined by the end user based on the

application for which the product was used.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number or ID number 1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1 Emergency Response Guide 126

Number

TDG

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

MEX

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

IATA

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, containing substances in Division 6.1 Packing Group III

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable

IMDG

UN number or ID number 1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols Limited Quantity (LQ)

Transport hazard class(es) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

TSCA Complies **DSL/NDSL** Complies Does not comply **EINECS/ELINCS ENCS** Does not comply **IECSC** Complies Complies KECI **PICCS** Does not comply **AICS** Complies **NZIoC** Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL - 111-76-2	1.0	
FORMIC ACID - 64-18-6	1.0	

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
FORMIC ACID 64-18-6	5000 lb	-	-	X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
ACETONE 67-64-1	5000 lb	-	RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
FORMIC ACID 64-18-6	5000 lb	-	RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
ACETONE	X	X	X
67-64-1			
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	X	X	X
111-76-2			
FORMIC ACID	X	X	X
64-18-6			

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. Other information

Instability 0 NFPA **Health hazards** 3 Flammability 4 Special hazards -HMIS Health hazards 3 * Flammability 4 Physical hazards 3 Personal protection X

Chronic Hazard Star Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) STFL

Maximum limit value Ceiling Skin designation

Sensitizers

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Revision Date 11-Mar-2025

Revision Note No information available.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.